



Jigsaw knowledge and skills progression: Celebrating Difference Ages 3-11(12)

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE is a progressive and spiral scheme of learning. In planning the lessons, Jigsaw PSHE ensures that learning from previous years is revisited and extended, adding new concepts, knowledge and skills, year on year as appropriate. The table below draws out the **spiral** knowledge and skills progression within the planned Celebrating Difference Puzzle (unit of work) for this age group, includes some of the key vocabulary and contains suggestions for Family Learning.

Please ask your child's school for details of any adaptations they have made to the programme in line with their school policy as some of the content and vocabulary may have been changed, or be taught in a different year group. This may be especially true if this is their first year of using Jigsaw PSHE.

CD	Knowledge	Social and Emotional Skills	Questions for Family Learning
Ages 7-8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know why families are important • Know that everybody's family is different • Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this • Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships • Know what it means to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the situation worse or better by what they do • Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers • Use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family • Empathise with people who are bullied • Employ skills to support someone who is bullied • Be able to 'problem-solve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary • Be able to recognise, accept and give compliments • Recognise feelings associated with receiving a compliment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the 'Solve it together' technique? How can it help solve a disagreement between two people? • What is a bystander in a bullying situation? (A bystander is a witness not directly involved). • How could a bystander make a bullying situation worse or better? • What types of bullying do you know about? • Where can someone get help if they were being bullied or witnessed bullying? • How does it feel to give and receive a compliment? • Can you explain how Calm Me time makes you feel?
<p>In this Puzzle (unit) the class learn about families, that they are all different and that sometimes they fall out with each other. The children talk about techniques to calm themselves down and discuss a technique called 'solve it together.' The children revisit the topic of bullying and talk about being a witness (bystander), they talk about how a witness has choices and how these choices can affect the bullying that is taking place. The children also talk about using problem-solving techniques in bullying situations. They talk about name-calling and choosing not to use hurtful words. They also talk about giving and receiving compliments and the feelings associated with this.</p>			
<p>New key vocabulary that may be introduced: Family, Loving, Caring, Safe, Connected, Special, Conflict, Solve It Together, Solutions, Resolve, Witness, Bystander, Bullying, Gay, Tell, Consequences, Hurtful, Compliment.</p>			

Notes for	School
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